

OTP Group – Strong results and capital yield high returns

Investor presentation

Based on 3Q 2025 results

OTP Group is among the most successful banks in Europe



Dominant position in CEE countries:

Dominant position in 5 countries; 4.3-fold net loan growth and 14 acquisitions in 11 years. 43% of net loans in Eurozone + ERM II countries, 75% within the EU

Outstanding profitability:

After 23.5% ROE in 2024, in 9M 2025 the ROE would have reached 22.7% if special negative items booked in one sum for the whole year had been recognized evenly

Strong organic loan growth:

In January-September 2025 the FX-adjusted growth of performing loans accelerated to 10%. Since 2014, 72% of the 4.3-fold net loan growth has been organic

Stable portfolio quality:

The Stage 3 ratio ytd moderated from 3.6% to 3.4%. Credit risk cost rate was 70 bps in 9M 2025 versus 38 bps in 2024

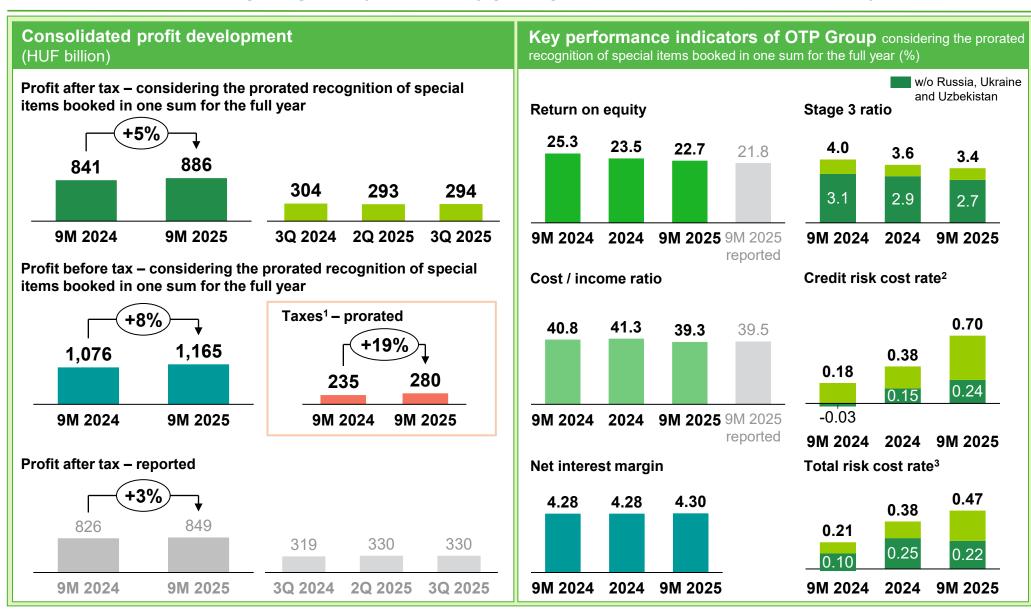
Stable capital and liquidity position:

CET1 18.4%, MREL 26.5%, Leverage¹ 10.3%, net loan-to-deposit 74%, capital market funding to total assets 7%, and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) 235%

Commitment to ESG

¹Leverage ratio according to Basel IV regulation.

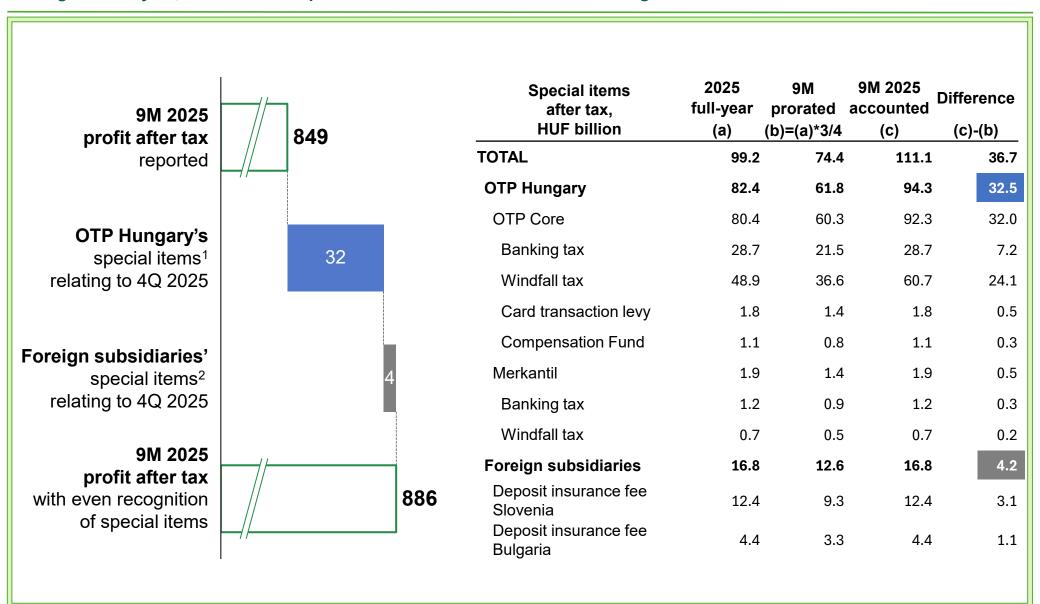
OTP Group's first nine months profit before tax increased by 8% considering the prorated recognition of special items booked in one sum at the beginning of the year, driven by growing volumes and improved cost efficiency



¹ In addition to corporate income tax, it includes the special taxes on financial institutions (excluding the Hungarian financial transaction levy), the Hungarian local (municipality) taxes and the innovation contributions, as well as the withholding tax applicable to dividends distributed by subsidiaries.

² Provision for impairment on loan losses / average gross loans. ³ Total risk cost / average assets.

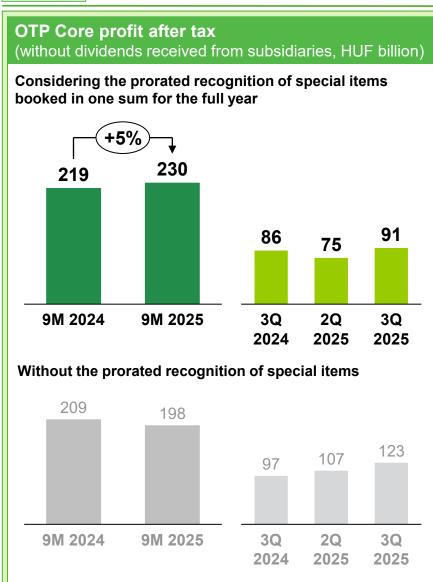
Special items booked in one sum for the whole year reached HUF 111 billion. Had these items been booked evenly throughout the year, the cumulated profit would have been HUF 37 billion higher

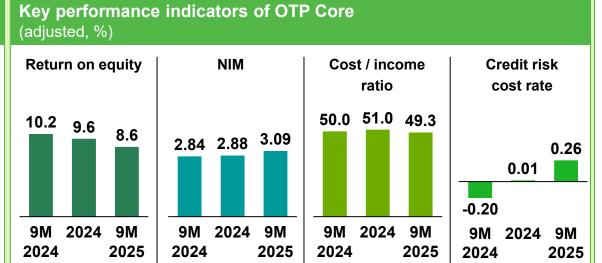


¹ Including the Hungarian banking tax and windfall profit tax, the financial transaction levy for card transactions and contributions into the Compensation Fund in Hungary. The full annual gross amount of the windfall tax, before deductions, was accounted in January (HUF 106.7 billion on consolidated level). In each month, one-twelfth of the annual amount of the tax-reducing item is accounted for, the amount for 9M was HUF 39.2 billion. As a result of these two effects, HUF 67.5 billion was recorded in the books in 9M 2025, with an after tax impact of HUF 61.5 billion. ² Including deposit insurance fees in Bulgaria and Slovenia.



OTP Core's profit increased by 5% supported by widening margins and improving cost efficiency, while maintaining prudent provisioning





Special levies imposed by the State on Hungarian Group members

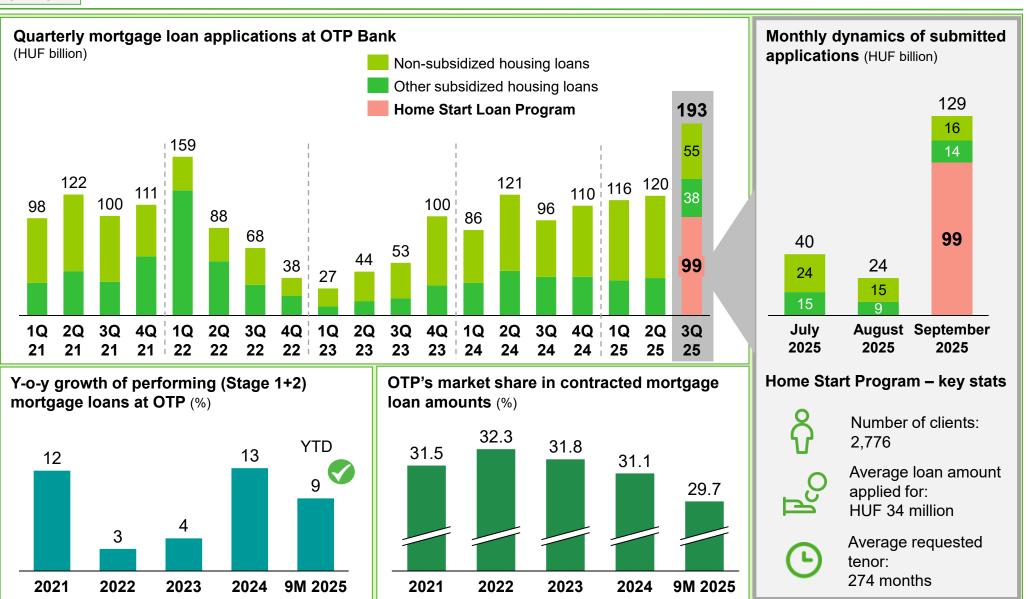
before tax, HUF billion	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	9M 25	2025E	2026E
TOTAL	110	106	229	195	172	226	264	329
Banking tax	19	21	22	28	31	33	33	35
Windfall tax	0	0	75	41	7	68	54 ¹	114 ²
Transaction tax	62	69	90	98	123	121	168 ³	180 ³
Rate cap	0	0	40	28	10	4	9 ³	?
Moratorium	29	17	3	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Taking into account the expected reduction of the windfall tax burden in conjunction with the increase in the stock of government securities.² Based on the announcement by the Minister for National Economy on 11 November 2025, assuming the maximum reduction of the windfall tax burden in conjunction with the increase in the stock of government securities.³ Estimate. As for the rate cap, the Government announced another extension until the end of June 2026.





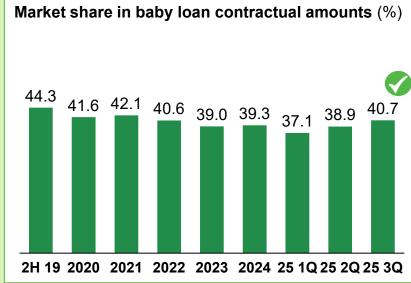
The launch of Home Start Loan Program in September gave a big boost to housing loan demand in Hungary

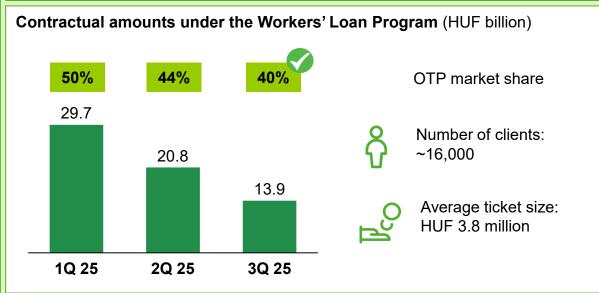


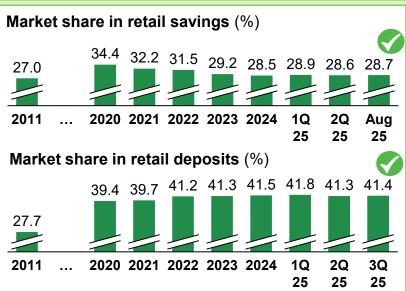


In 3Q OTP Core further solidified its market position in newly contracted cash loan volumes and retail deposits, while the Bank's market share in new baby loan and workers' loan contractual amounts also surpassed 40%





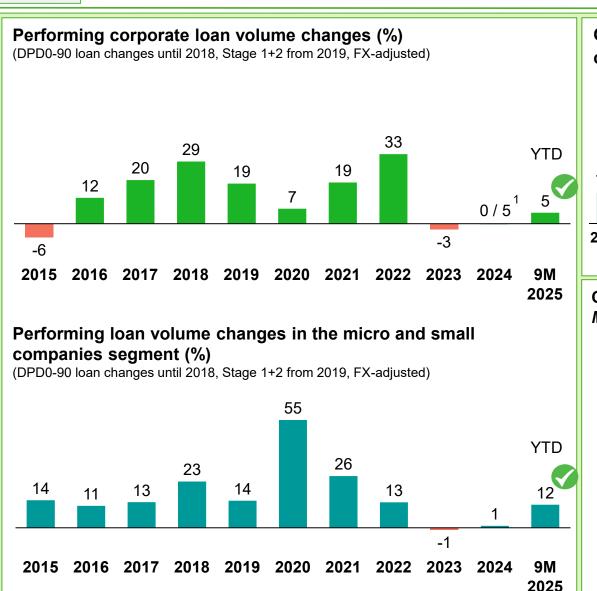


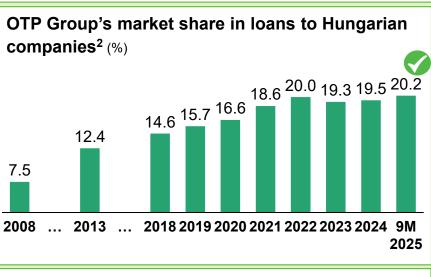


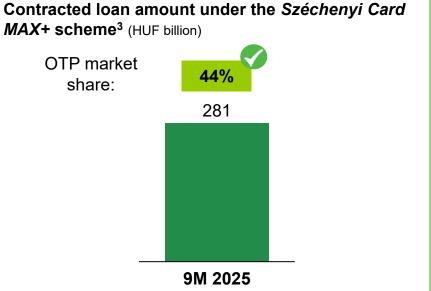




The revival in demand for micro and small enterprise loans continued in the third quarter, while the large corporate loan book also grew visibly, by 5% year-to-date. Corporate credit market share pierced 20%







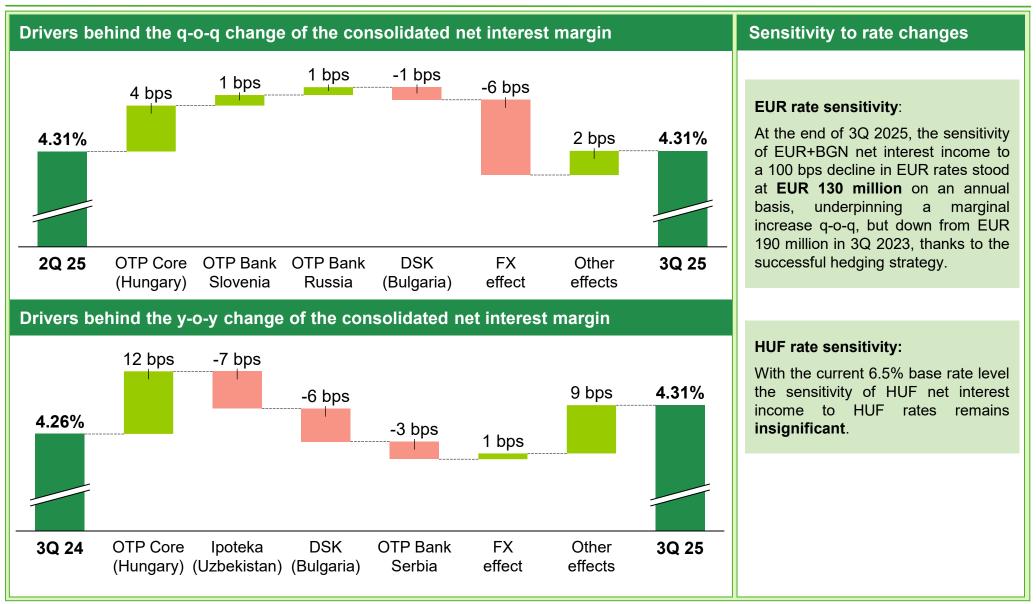


Foreign subsidiaries delivered strong performance in the first nine months of 2025

	Profit af (HUF b			ROE ¹		Co	st / income	ratio
	9M 2024	9M 2025	9M 2024	2024	9M 2025	9M 2024	2024	9M 2025
DSK Group (Bulgaria)	147	154	22%	22%	20%	33%	32%	33%
OTP Bank Slovenia	83	88	16%	16%	16%	42%	42%	42%
OTP Bank Croatia	51	41	16%	14%	12%	47%	47%	51%
OTP Bank Serbia	61	55	21%	17%	17%	37%	38%	39%
Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	42	33	34%	30%	20%	34%	38%	46%
OTP Bank Ukraine	42	43	32%	22%	27%	32%	33%	32%
CKB Group (Montenegro)	18	18	22%	22%	19%	38%	40%	40%
OTP Bank Albania	15	15	22%	20%	17%	42%	42%	45%
NOTP Bank Moldova	10	7	19%	17%	14%	50%	53%	55%
OTP Bank Russia	91	157	40%	45%	51%	ź 28%	27%	23%

¹ Adjusted.

The consolidated net interest margin remained stable q-o-q, but improved by 5 bps y-o-y. The sensitivity to EUR rate cuts increased recently but moderated substantially since 3Q 2023



Consolidated performing loans increased by 10% in the first nine months, mainly driven by strong retail momentum

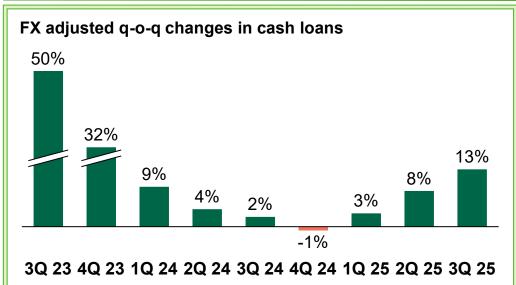
		YTD	perform	ning (Sta	ge 1+2) l	LOAN vo	olume ch	anges, a	djusted	for FX e	ffect	
	Cons.	Core ² (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)
YTD nominal change (HUF billion)	2,239	509	533	164	215	225	59	65	66	43	32	325
Total	10%	8%	12%	6%	8%	10%	7%	19%	13%	10%	20%	28%
Consumer	14%	9%	9%	8%	11%	13%	13%	56%	16%	17%	25%	28%
								ζ'				
Mortgage	11%	9%	19%	3%	10%	8%	14%		12%	12%	18%	
Corporate ¹	7%	6%	7%	8%	3%	10%	-12%	15%	12%	8%	19%	-21%
Leasing	10%	8%	9%	6%	19%	10%		14%	69%	0%	11%	
							·	2Q 2025	: 4%, 3Q	2025: 99	_!	

¹ Loans to MSE and corporate clients.

² In the Leasing row the leasing volume change applies to Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).

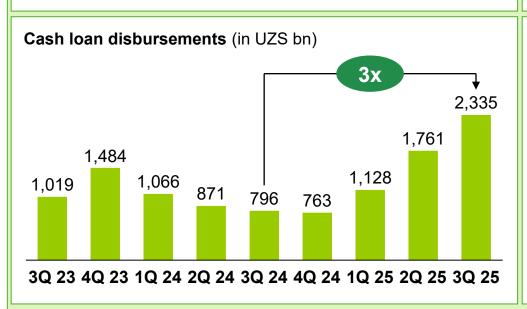


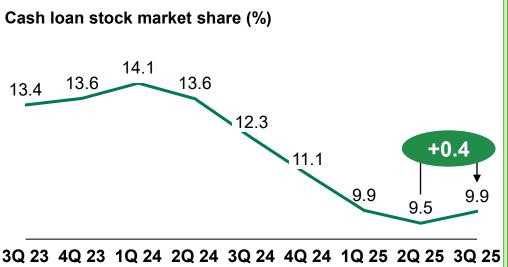
In Uzbekistan the turnaround in cash loan sales became even more pronounced in 3Q with Ipoteka Bank further gaining market share. Local management is committed to continue on this track



The surge in cash loan disbursements was primarily enabled by the significant progress made in recent months in the Bank's IT environment, as well as in its organizational and operational frameworks and capabilities.

These developments not only supported a general increase in lending activity, but also enabled the Bank to reach new customer segments that had not been served previously due to the lack of sophisticated and automated credit assessment capabilities and data.



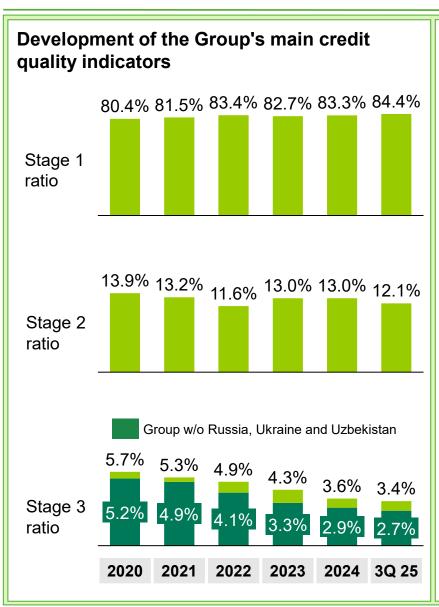


In the first nine month consolidated deposits grew by 9%. Hungarian and Bulgarian household deposits kept on expanding

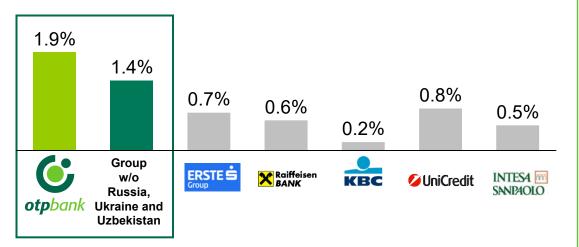
			<u>Y</u> 7	<u>rd</u> DEPC	SIT volu	me char	nges, adj	usted fo	r FX-effe	ct		
	Cons.	Core (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)
YTD nominal change (HUF billion)	2,748	984	578	157	346	180	-37	31	54	48	-25	446
Total	9%	9%	10%	3%	14%	8%	-8%	4%	9%	8%	-7%	22%
Retail	8%	8%	9%	5%	10%	9%	-10%	5%	5%	5%	2%	25%
Corporate ¹	10%	10%	14%	-1%	19%	7%	-7%	4%	13%	20%	-15%	21%
								1Q 2025:	-10%, 2	Q 2025:	1%, 3Q 2	025: 1%

¹ Including MSE and corporate deposits.

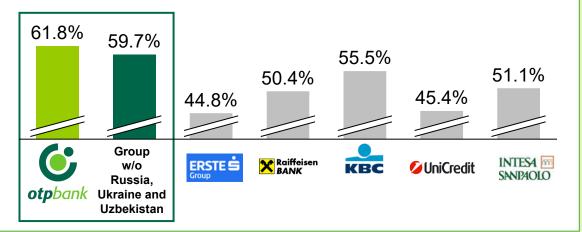
The Stage 3 ratio decreased to 3.4%. Provisioning policy remained conservative compared to regional peers



Own coverage of Stage 1+2 loans compared to regional peers at the end of 3Q 2025

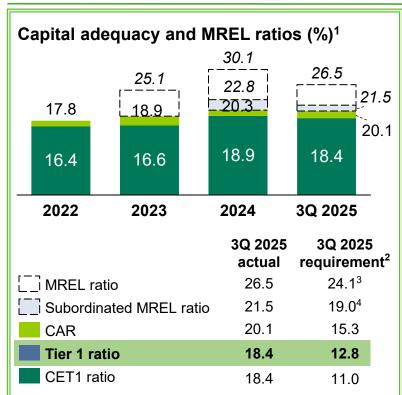


Own coverage of Stage 3 loans compared to regional peers at the end of 3Q 2025





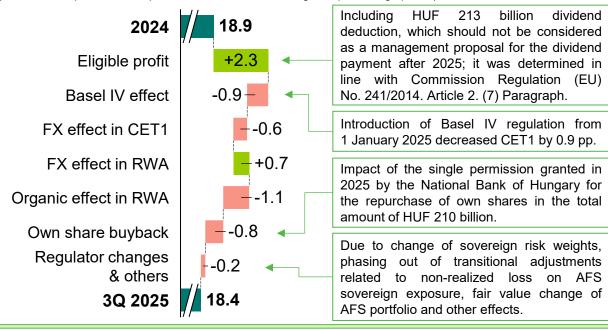
In 3Q 2025 the Group's CET1 stood at 18.4%. The ytd drop was partly due to Basel IV, while eligible profit less dividends covered the capital need of organic growth and supervisory permissions for share buybacks worth HUF 210 billion in total



¹ Indicators are calculated based on the prudential scope of consolidation. In case of MREL ratio and subordinated MREL ratio, the calculation is based on OTP Bank Resolution Group's figures. In the absence of AT1, the Tier 1 rate is the same as the CET1 rate.

Decomposition of the ytd change in the CET1 ratio

(based on the prudential scope of consolidation, % / changes in percentage points)



Recent changes in the capital / MREL requirements

- The OTP Group's preferred resolution strategy is Multiple Point of Entry ("MPE") with two resolution groups within the OTP Group: (i) the first resolution group consists of the Issuer as resolution entity and the entities in the prudential scope of consolidation of the Issuer excluding the Slovenian OTP Banka d.d. and its subsidiaries ("OTP Bank Resolution Group") and (ii) the second resolution group compromises the Slovenian OTP Banka d.d. as a resolution entity and its subsidiaries. The OTP Bank Resolution Group includes Ipoteka Bank from 13 January 2025 and excludes SKB Bank that merged with Nova KBM Bank into OTP Banka d.d. in August 2024.
- The effective SREP rate ((P1R + P2R) / P1R) is 122.4% from 1 January 2025, resulting in a P2R of 1.8% on consolidated level. Currently no change is expected in P2R from 1 January 2026.



² Excluding Pillar 2 Guidance (P2G). The National Bank of Hungary determined the P2G at 1% from 2025 on the top of the minimum capital requirements. This should be met with CET1 and does not impact the MREL requirement.

³ The sum of the MREL requirement (18.6% of OTP Bank Resolution Group's RWA from 13 January 2025) and the 5.5% Combined Buffer Requirement (CBR).

⁴ The sum of the minimum level of subordination (13.5% of OTP Bank Resolution Group's RWA) and the CBR.

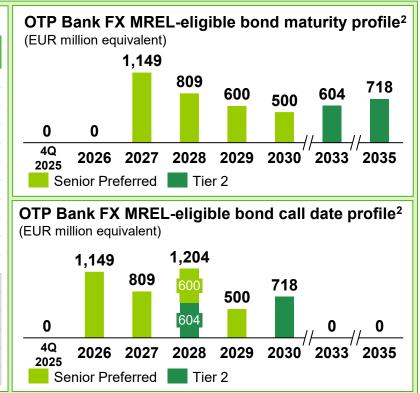
Robust liquidity position: 74% net loan to deposit ratio, 235% LCR, 152% NSFR and comfortable redemption profile; the leverage ratio is a way above OTP's peers'

EUR

500

6.032%

OTP Core - outstanding and recently redeemed FX wholesale bonds Issue **Maturity Actual** Issuance Issued Amt. Instrument Call Date Date Date Coupon Currency (in mn) 01/10/2025 Cover Bond1 31/03/2031 3.137% **EUR** 500 30/06/2025 SP 30/06/2027 30/06/2028 3.500% **CNY** 900 **EUR** 500 20/06/2025 Cover Bond 20/06/2030 3.002% 30/01/2025 Tier 2 30/01-30/07/2030 30/07/2035 7.300% USD 750 16/10/2024 SP 16/10/2029 4.250% **EUR** 500 16/10/2030 300 31/07/2024 SP 31/07/2026 31/07/2027 4.100% **CNY** 12/06/2024 SP 12/06/2027 4.750% **EUR** 700 12/06/2028 SP **EUR** 600 31/01/2024 31/01/2028 31/01/2029 5.000% 05/10/2023 SP 05/10/2026 05/10/2027 6.125% **EUR** 650 SP USD 25/05/2023 25/05/2026 25/05/2027 7.500% 500 **USD** 15/02/2023 Tier 2 15/02-15/05/2028 15/05/2033 8.750% 650 RON SP 13/10/2025 8.100% 170 13/10/2023 called in Oct '25 SP 29/09/2022 1 29/09/2025 called in Sep '25 7.250% USD 60 **EUR** 27/06/2023 SNP 27/06/2025 7.500% 110 called in Jun '25 22/12/2023 SNP 22/06/2025 called in Jun '25 6.100% **EUR** 75 SP 04/03/2025 called in Mar '25 **EUR** 650 01/12/2022 7.350%



Major ratios suggest strong liquidity position³

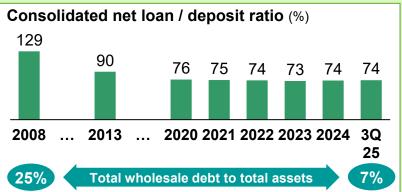
07/02/2025

07/11/2006

Tier 2

major ramos suggest s		aronty po	J. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.			
3Q 2025	otpbank	KBC	ERSTE 🕏	Raiffeisen BANK	INTESA M SANPAOLO	UniCredit
Net Loan / Deposit Ratio (%)	74	89	92	83	73	86
Leverage Ratio (%)	10.3	5.8	7.8	7.9	5.8	5.2
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR, %)	235	158	158	150	142	>140
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR, %)	152	134	142	143	122	>125

called in Feb '25





¹ The volume impact of this transaction was already refected in the 3Q 2025 balance sheet.

² As at 3Q 2025, based on issued notional; excluding RON 170 million SP bond which was called on 13 October.

³ Based on latest available company reports; Erste and Raiffeisen publish gross loan/deposit ratios only.

In April S&P Global upgraded OTP Bank's rating, to one notch above Hungarian sovereign. In October Moody's upgraded OTP Bank, OTP Mortgage Bank and OBS. Ipoteka was upgraded by Fitch in June

(rating outlook) (+) positive (0) stable (-) negative

Long-term credit ratings of OTP Group member banks and their changes in 2025

	Moody's	s Ratings	S&P Glob	oal Ratings	Fitch F	Ratings	Scope	Lianhe
	31 Dec 2024	7 Nov 2025	31 Dec 2024	7 Nov 2025	31 Dec 2024	7 Nov 2025	7 Nov 2025	7 Nov 2025
OTP Bank		 		 		 	 	1
Issuer Rating			BBB- (0)	BBB (-)	 	 	BBB+ (0)	AAA (0) /China Scale/
Counterparty Rating ¹	Baa1	A3	BBB	BBB+	 	 	1	!
Deposits	Baa1 (+)	Baa1 (0)			 		1	
Senior Preferred Bonds	Baa3 (-)	Baa3 (0)	BBB-	ВВВ	I I	!	BBB+	i I
Non-preferred Senior Bonds		 	1		1	 	ВВВ	
Tier2 Bonds (with maturity)	Ba2	Ba1	i	ВВ	i] 	BB+	i
OTP Mortgage Bank			1 1 1		 		 	
Issuer Rating	Ваа3 (-)	Baa3 (0)	BBB- (0)	BBB (-)	1		1	
Counterparty Rating ¹	Baa1	A3	BBB	BBB+	i	 	i	
Covered Bonds ²		A1	!	 	 	 	1	
OTP Bank Slovenia			 	 	 	 	 	
Counterparty Rating ¹	A3	A2	i		i I		i I	i
Deposits	A3 (+)	A2 (0)	I I	1	I I		1	
Senior Preferred Bonds	Baa2 (+)	Baa1 (0)	i	 	i	I I I	!	
lpoteka Bank			 		 		 	
Issuer Rating			BB- (0)	BB- (+)	BB- (0)	BB (0)	1	
Senior Unsecured Bonds			1	BB-	BB-	ВВ	! !	1
Hungary Rating		Baa2 (-)		BBB- (-)	 	BBB (0)	 BBB (0)	AAA (0) China Scale

¹ Long-term Counterparty Risk Rating for Moody's and long-term Resolution Counterparty Rating for S&P Global.



² Not every covered bond has been assigned a Moody's rating.

In 2025 OTP Bank was named the second best performing among the 50 largest publicly listed European banks by S&P Global Market Intelligence



									Rani	king metr	ics		
	Current rank	Previous rank	Current vs. previous		Headquarters	Total assets (€B)	ROAE (%)	Net interest margin (%)	Noninterest income/ average assets (%)	to-	Problem loan ratio (%)	Net stable funding ratio (%)	CET1
	1	NR	-	Banca Mediolanum SpA (BMED-BIT)	Italy	86.15	29.85	1.11	1.86	37.29	0.71	179.78	23.67
otp bank	2	1	▼	OTP Bank Nyrt. (OTP-BUSE)	Hungary	105.54	23.40	4.46	2.20	45.53	3.32	157.97	7 18.94
PKO BAN		2	▼	PKO Bank Polski SA (PKO-WSE)	Poland	122.75	19.20	4.52	1.33	33.86	3.49	156.10	17.39
Bank Pek		3	•	Bank Polska Kasa Opieki SA (PEO-WSE)	Poland	78.11	20.94	4.09	1.06	39.84	4.28	174.66	3 14.90
⊘ UniCred	lit ¹⁸	20	A	UniCredit SpA (UCG-BIT)	Italy	784.00	15.32	1.93	1.38	47.18	2.25	128.00	15.96
ERSTE 🕏	2	5 20	3 ▼	Erste Group Bank AG (EBS- WBAG)	Austria	353.74	13.37	2.25	0.91	49.53	2.64	143.91	15.26
KBC	2	8 29) A	KBC Group NV (KBC-ENXTBR)	Belgium	373.05	14.46	1.59	0.89	51.98	1.95	138.85	14.96
INTESA MESANPAOLO	3:	2 34	A	Intesa Sanpaolo SpA (ISP-BIT)	Italy	933.29	13.16	2.08	1.04	51.34	2.03	121.40	13.26
Raiffeisen Bar International	ık 41	14	•	Raiffeisen Bank International AG (RBI-WBAG)	Austria	199.85	6.56	2.90	0.68	55.86	3.88	144.84	17.09
SOCIETE GENERA	LE 50	50	NC	Société Générale SA (GLE- ENXTPA)	France	1,573.55	6.63	0.70	1.05	69.49	3.08	117.00	
				Group mean			13.34	2.03	0.98	49.88	2.14	136 //0	15.75

Out of 64 European banks, OTP Bank achieved the 13th place on the 2025 EBA stress test

OTP Bank once again ranked in the top third in the **European Banking Authority's comprehensive stress test** Three-year change in the fully loaded group-level CET1 ratio under the stress scenario: Bank Pekao INTESA M SANPAOLO No. 13 **6 otpbank** Raiffeisen Bank International ING 🔊 UniCredit Group ERSTE S basis points -1.400 -1.200 -1.000 -800 -600 -400 -200 200

OTP Bank achieved second place among its direct competitors

Fully loaded group-level CET1 ratios and their decline over the three-year period between 2024 and 2027 under the stress scenario:

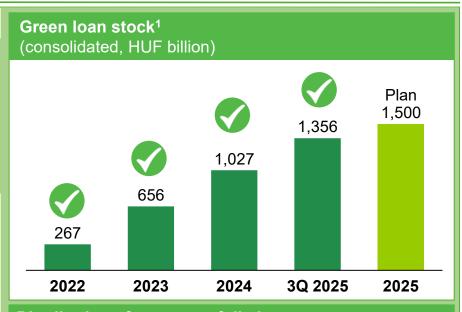
	CET1 ratio at the end of 2027	Ranking	Reduction in CET1 ratio	Ranking
INTESA M SANDAOLO	11.8%	37.	-0.62%p	9.
© otpbank	16.3%	13.	-1.24%p	13.
Raiffeisen Bank International	15.2%	15.	-1.61%p	16.
⊘ UniCredit Group) 11.7%	39.	-2.15%p	26.
КВС	11.8%	36.	-2.73%p	34.
ERSTE =	12.3%	31.	-3.50%p	40.

© otpbank

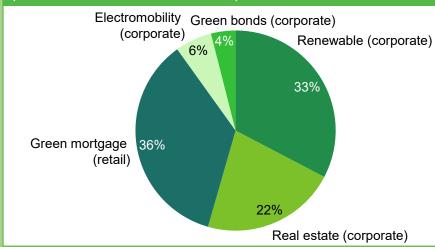


ESG developments according to strategic goals: green exposures are on track to meet targets, while in November 2025 the Bank's ESG rating by MSCI was upgraded from ,BB' to ,A'

ESG RESULTS AND TARGETS 3Q 2025 Actual Long-term KPIs **Building the** Corporate: HUF 871 billion Green loans of HUF 1,500 billion green loan in total by 2025 for the Group Retail: HUF 485 billion portfolio1 Steady increase in employee Responsible **Employee engagement** engagement, to reach global employer was 77% on group level 2 75th percentile (in 2024: 78%) Net carbon neutrality Reducing Total carbon neutrality by reached in Hungarian 2030 on Group level own emissions operation OTP Bank will become a **Transparent** OTP Bank Plc. is signatory of member of S&P Dow Jones responsibility **UN PRB**; Integrated Report Sustainability Index by 2025 **OTP Bank's actual ESG ratings** SUSTAINALYTICS **SEVERE** HIGH ESG risk rating **MEDIUM** LOW **GIBLE** Nov 2025 upgrade MSCI (**) ESG rating CCC BB **BBB** С ESG rating







¹ According to OTP Group's internal definition for green loans.

² 2024 data. The 2025 employee engagement survey results are expected in 4Q 2025.

Among the key countries of the Group, following this year's more modest performance, in 2026 economic growth is expected to significantly accelerate in Hungary, Slovenia, and Serbia as well

			Hur	ngary				Bu	Igaria	<u> </u>		0	SI	oven	ia			Croa	tia	
	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F	2022	2023	_	2025F		2022	2023		2025F	2026F	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F
GDP growth (annual, %)	4.4	-0.8	0.6	0.6	3.0	4.0	1.7	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.7	2.4	1.7	0.8	1.8	7.3	3.3	3.9	3.1	2.9
Unemployment (%)	3.7	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.1	3.7	3.5	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.5	6.4	6.2	5.1	5.0	4.5
Budget balance (as a % of GDP)	-6.2	-6.7	-5.0	-5.0 ¹	-5.0 ¹	-2.8	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0	-2.6	-0.9	-2.3	-2.4	0.1	-0.8	-2.4	-3.2	-2.5
Inflation (avg. %)	14.5	17.6	3.7	4.5	3.4	15.3	9.5	2.4	4.6	4.1	9.3	7.2	2.0	2.5	2.2	10.7	8.1	3.0	3.8	2.9
Reference rate ² (eop., %)	16.1	10.3	6.5	6.5	6.0	1.4	4.0	3.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	4.0	3.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	4.0	3.0	1.9	2.0
		B	Serl	oia			C	Uzl	bekis	tan			Uŀ	craine	9		*	Mont	eneg	ro
	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F
GDP growth (annual, %)	2.6	3.8	3.9	2.2	3.2	6.0	6.3	6.5	7.6	6.5	-28.8	5.3	2.9	1.8	3.0	7.7	6.5	3.2	3.0	3.1
Unemployment (%)	9.6	9.5	8.5	8.7	8.3	8.9	7.7	6.0	5.5	5.0	21.0	18.2	15.0	12.0	11.0	14.7	13.1	11.5	10.5	9.7
Budget balance (as a % of GDP)	-3.0	-2.1	-2.0	-3.0	-3.0	-3.7	-4.0	-3.2	-3.0	-3.0	-16.1	-20.4	-17.7	-18.0	-17.0	-4.2	0.1	-3.0	-4.9	-3.8
Inflation (avg. %)	12.0	12.4	4.7	4.6	4.0	11.4	10.0	9.6	8.9	7.0	20.2	12.9	6.5	13.0	7.7	13.0	8.6	3.3	4.2	3.7
Reference rate ² (eop., %)	5.0	6.5	5.8	5.8	5.3	15.0	14.0	13.5	14.0	12.5	25.0	15.0	13.5	15.0	12.5	-	-	-	-	-
			Alba	ania			橡	Mo	oldov	a			Rı	ıssia						
	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F					
GDP growth (annual, %)	4.8	3.9	4.0	3.5	3.6	-4.6	1.2	0.1	2.0	2.7	-1.4	4.1	4.3	0.8	1.1					
Unemployment (%)	11.3	10.1	9.4	9.3	9.0	3.1	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.9	3.9	3.2	2.5	2.3	2.7					

-5.1

4.8

-3.3

20.0

28.7 13.4

-5.0

7.8

6.0

-3.9

3.6

-5.0

5.5

6.5

Source: OTP Research Department.

Reference rate² (eop., %)

Inflation (avg. %)

Budget balance (as a % of GDP)

-3.0

2.8

2.5

-2.5

2.3

2.5

-0.7

2.2

2.8

-3.7

2.8

-1.4

3.3



-3.0

8.9

-1.5

6.0

-1.7

8.4

16.0 21.0 16.0 11.0

-1.8

6.0

7.5

¹ According to the announcement by the Minister for National Economy on 11 November 2025. ² Base rates, except for: Hungary: 3M BUBOR; Croatia and Slovenia: ECB deposit facility rate; Bulgaria: Leonia Plus interbank rate; Albania: 3M Tribor; Moldova: 91 days T-bill.



Management reaffirmed its guidance for the Group's 2025 performance

In 2025 the management doesn't expect a meaningful change in the operating environment, with geopolitical uncertainties persisting. In light of 9M 2025 results and trends, management doesn't consider it justified to make any substantial changes to its expectations for the 2025 financial year:	2024 audited	9M 2025 reported	9M 2025 pro-rata
FX-adjusted organic performing loan volume growth may be above 9% reported in 2024.	9%	10%	10%
The net interest margin may be similar to the 4.28% achieved in 2024.	4.28%	4.30%	4.30%
The cost-to-income ratio may be close to the 41.3% reported in 2024.	41.3%	39.5%	39.3%
Amid improving Stage 3 ratio (4Q 2024: 3.6%, 1Q 2025: 3.5%, 2Q: 3.4%, 3Q: 3.4%), credit risk cost rate may be higher than the 38 bps reported in 2024.	38 bps	70 bps	70 bps
ROE may be lower than in 2024 (23.5%) due to the expected decrease in leverage.	23.5%	21.8%	22.7%

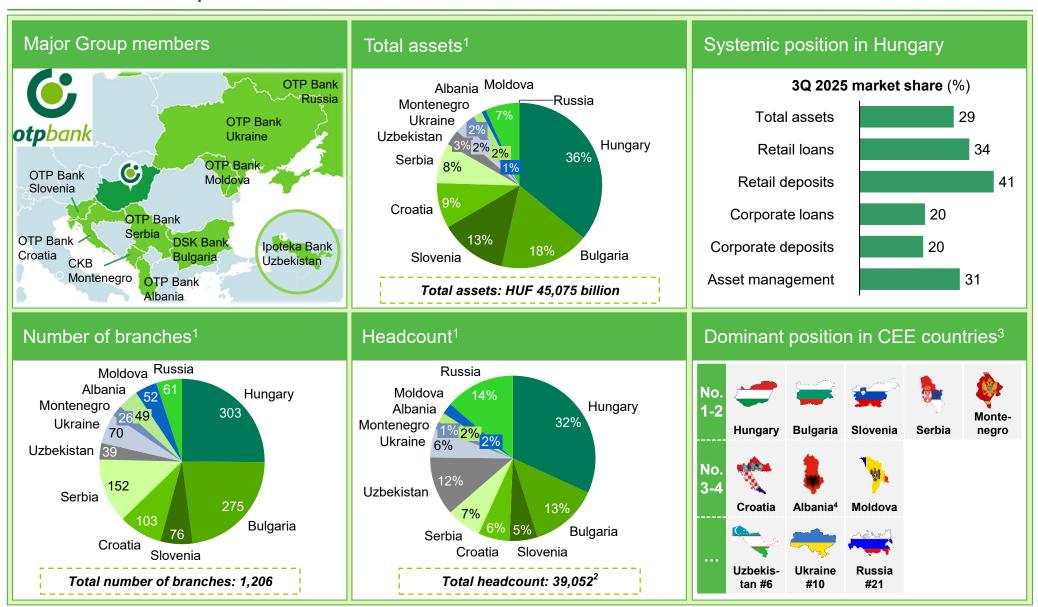
Pursuant to the resolution of the AGM, OTP Bank paid out HUF 270 billion dividend after the 2024 financial year.

In 2024, OTP Bank received two single permissions from the National Bank of Hungary for share buybacks, in the total amount of HUF 120 billion. In 2025, this was followed by an already completed buyback programme worth HUF 60 billion authorized by the supervisory authority. Furthermore, on 24 April 2025 the central bank granted another single permission for OTP Bank to buy back treasury shares in the amount of HUF 150 billion until 31 December 2025. Under the umbrella of this permission, OTP Bank started to buy back treasury shares on 13 June 2025, and by 4 November 2025 altogether HUF 88 billion worth of treasury shares were repurchased.



Further details and financials

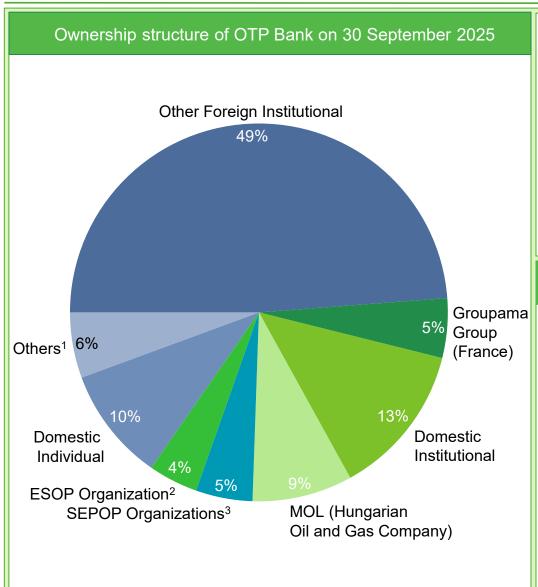
OTP Group provides universal banking services to more than 17 million active customers in 11 countries, in many of them with dominant market position



¹ As at 3Q 2025. ² Excluding selling agents employed at OTP Bank Russia and at OTP Bank Ukraine. ³ Based on market shares as a % of total assets unless otherwise noted; latest available data; source: National Banks, Banking Associations, Golden books. ⁴ Based on net loans.



OTP Bank offers a unique investment opportunity to access the CEE banking sector. The Bank is a well-diversified and transparent player without strategic investors

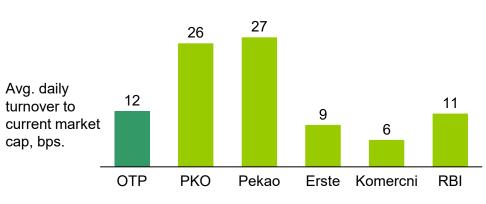


Total number of ordinary shares: 280,000,010, each having a nominal value of HUF 100 and representing the same rights.

Since the IPO in 1995 / 1997, OTP Bank has not raised capital on the market, nor received equity from the state.

No direct state involvement, the Golden Share was abolished in 2007.

OTP is one of the most liquid stocks in a peer group comparison in terms of average daily turnover⁴



Average daily turnover 27 67 39 34 5 11 in EUR million

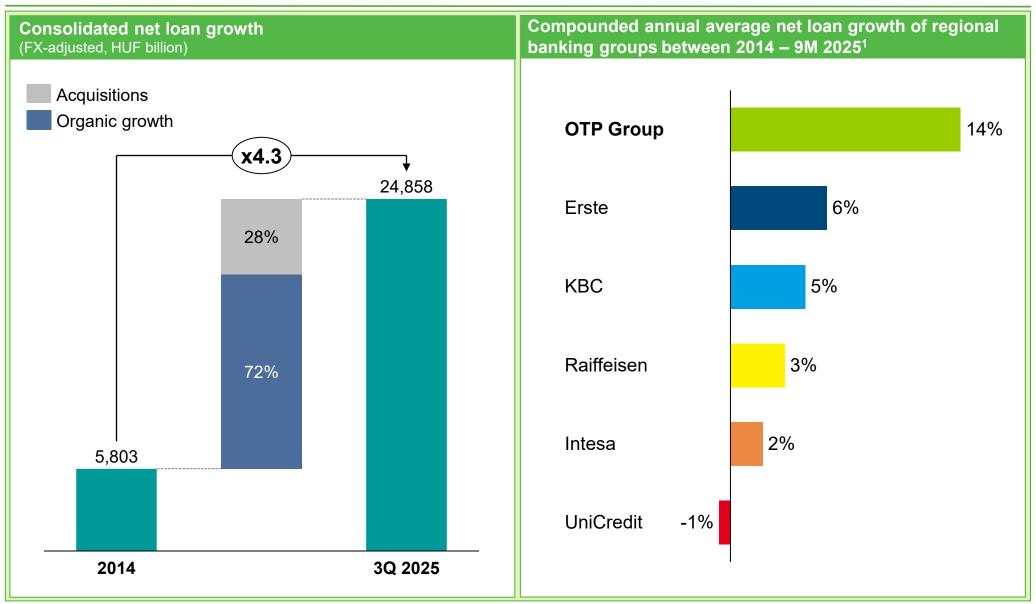
¹ Treasury shares, employees & Senior Officers, foreign individuals, international development institutions, government held owner and non-identified shareholders. ² OTP Bank Employee Stock Ownership Plan Organization (MRP). ³ OTP Special Employee Partial Ownership Plan Organization No. I. and II. (KMRP). ⁴ Based on the last 6M data (end date: 10 November 2025) on the primary stock exchange.



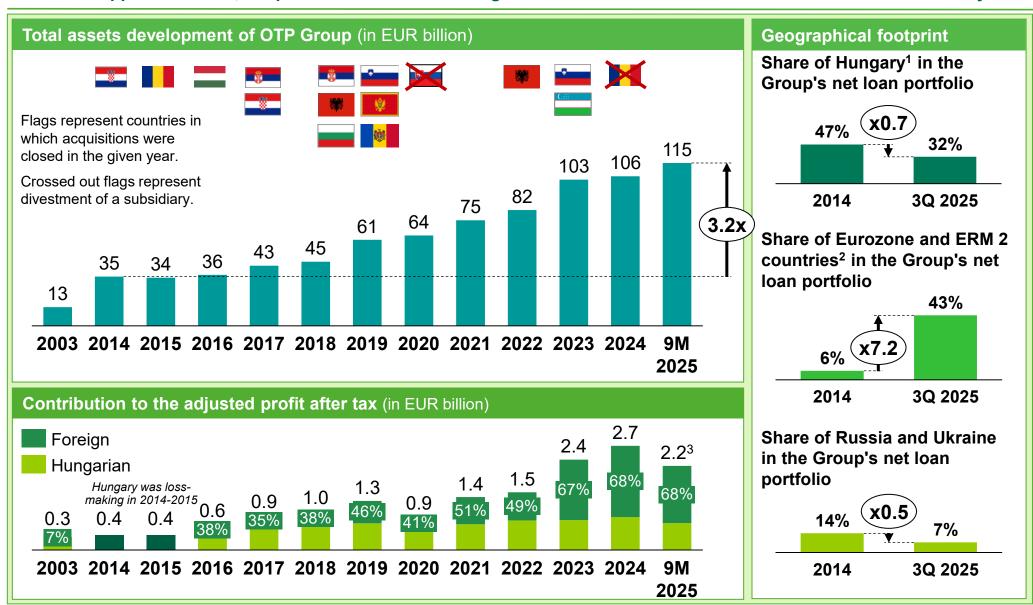
Outstanding and sustainable performance has supported the highest market capitalization ever, although valuation multiples have not yet fully recovered to pre-war levels



OTP Group's net loan book grew 4.3-fold over the last 11 years, outpacing other banking groups active in the CEE region



Total assets reached EUR 115 billion driven by successful acquisitions and dynamic organic growth. As Hungary's share in net loan dropped below 1/3, the profit contribution of foreign subs showed a trend-like increase over the last several years



¹ Including OTP Core and Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).

² 2014: Slovakia, 2Q 2025: Bulgaria, Croatia, Slovenia,

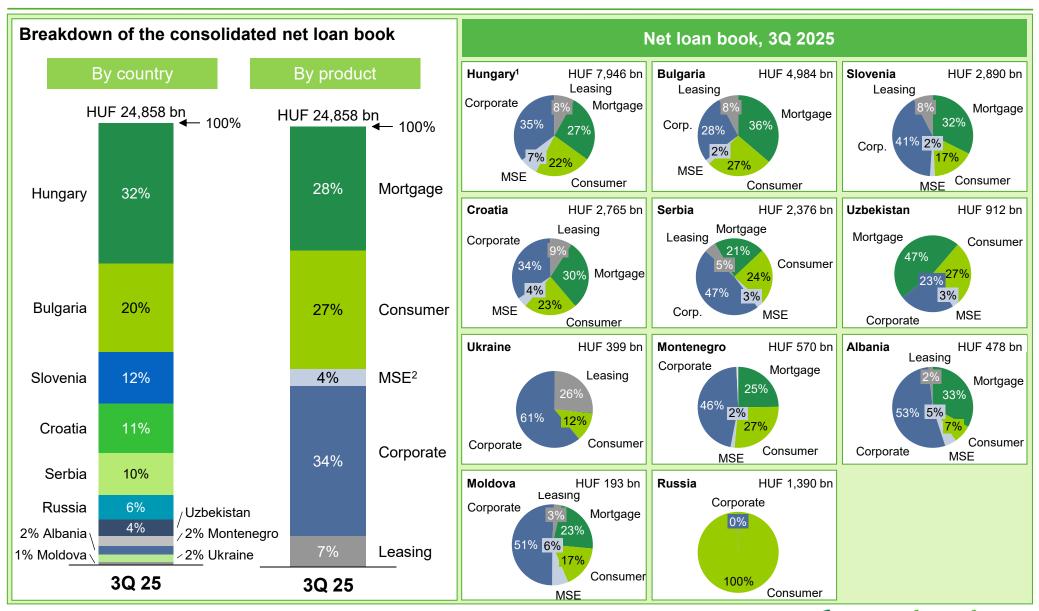
³ Considering the prorated recognition of special items booked in one sum for the full year.

Between 2014 and 2023, altogether 14 acquisitions were completed. As a result of the Ipoteka Bank acquisition in Uzbekistan, in 2023 OTP Group entered the Central Asian region

		Target bank	Country (seller)	Date of closing		et loans UF billion)	Market before / a			Book value EUR million)
2014	***	Banco Popolare Croatia	Croatia (BPC)	2Q 2014	(2Q 14)	53	3.3	3.9	(3Q 13)	43
2015		Millennium Bank	Romania	1Q 2015	(1Q 15)	107	1.5	2.1	(2Q 14)	73
2016		AXA Hungary portfolio	Hungary (AXA Financials)	4Q 2016	(3Q 16)	152 in mortga	ges: 22.5	27.0		n/a
2017		Splitska Banka	Croatia (SocGen)	2Q 2017	(Nov 18)	631	4.8	11.2	(4Q 16)	496
20	· ·	Vojvodjanska banka	Serbia (NBG)	4Q 2017	(1Q 19)	266	1.5	5.7	(3Q 17)	174
		SocGen Expressbank	Bulgaria (SocGen)	1Q 2019	(1Q 19)	774	14.0	19.9	(4Q 18)	421
		SocGen Albania	Albania (SocGen)	1Q 2019	(1Q 19)	124		6.0	(4Q 18)	58
2019	W	SocGen Moldova	Moldova (SocGen)	3Q 2019	(3Q 19)	102		14.0	(4Q 18)	86
20	*	SocGen Montenegro	Montenegro (SocGen)	3Q 2019	(3Q 19)	126	17.6	30.4	(4Q 18)	66
	-	SocGen Serbia	Serbia (SocGen)	3Q 2019	(3Q 19)	716	5.3	13.7	(4Q 18)	381
	•	SKB Banka Slovenia	Slovenia (SocGen)	4Q 2019	(4Q 19)	827		8.5	(4Q 18)	356
2022		Alpha Bank (Albania)	Albania (Alpha Holdings)	3Q 2022	(4Q 20)	99	6.2	10.9	(4Q 20)	73
2023	•	Nova KBM	Slovenia (Apollo, EBRD)	1Q 2023	(4Q 22)	2,06	8 8.2	29.3	(4Q 22)	993
20	C	lpoteka Bank	Uzbekistan (Uzbek state)	2Q 2023	(1Q 23)	981		7.7	(1Q 23)	506
		Acquisitions total:				7,	026			3,725

¹ Reference date of market share data: Croatia – Popolare: 3Q 2013, Romania: 4Q 2014, Hungary: 3Q 2016, Croatia: 2Q 2017, Serbia – Vojvodjanska: 4Q 2016, Bulgaria: 1Q 2019, Albania – SocGen: 4Q 2018, Moldova: 2Q 2019, Montenegro: 2Q 2019, Serbia – SocGen: 2Q 2019, Slovenia – SKB: 4Q 2018, Albania – Alpha: 3Q 2021, Slovenia – Nova KBM: 4Q 2022, Uzbekistan: July 2023.

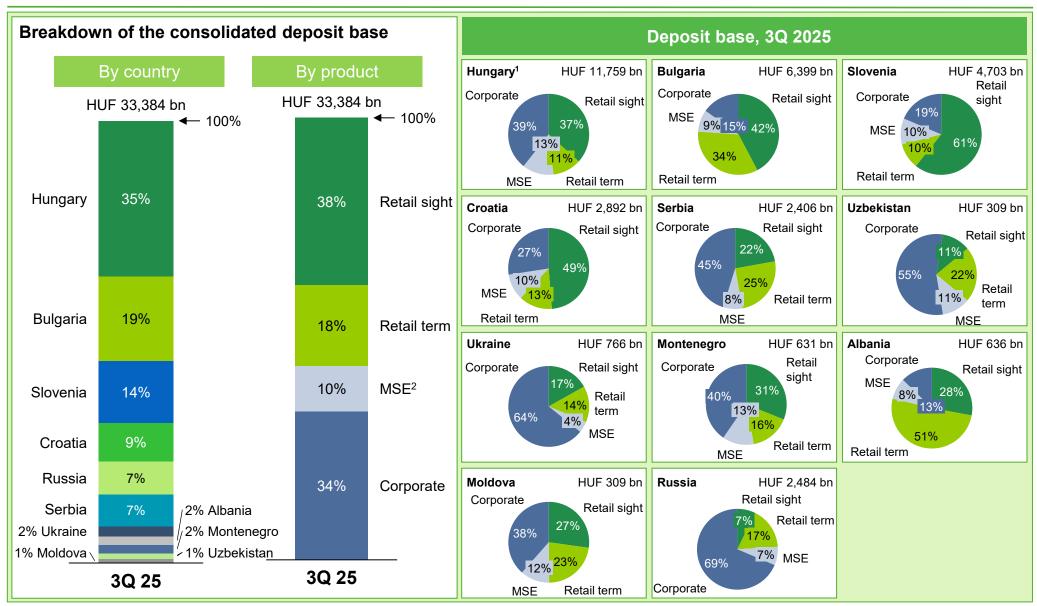
75% of the total net loan book is invested in EU countries, while Hungary's share sank to 32%



¹ Including OTP Core and Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).

² MSE = micro and small enterprises.

35% of the consolidated deposit book is held in Hungary, while Bulgaria and Slovenia together hold another third. Household volumes account for 56% of the total deposit base



¹ Including OTP Core and Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).



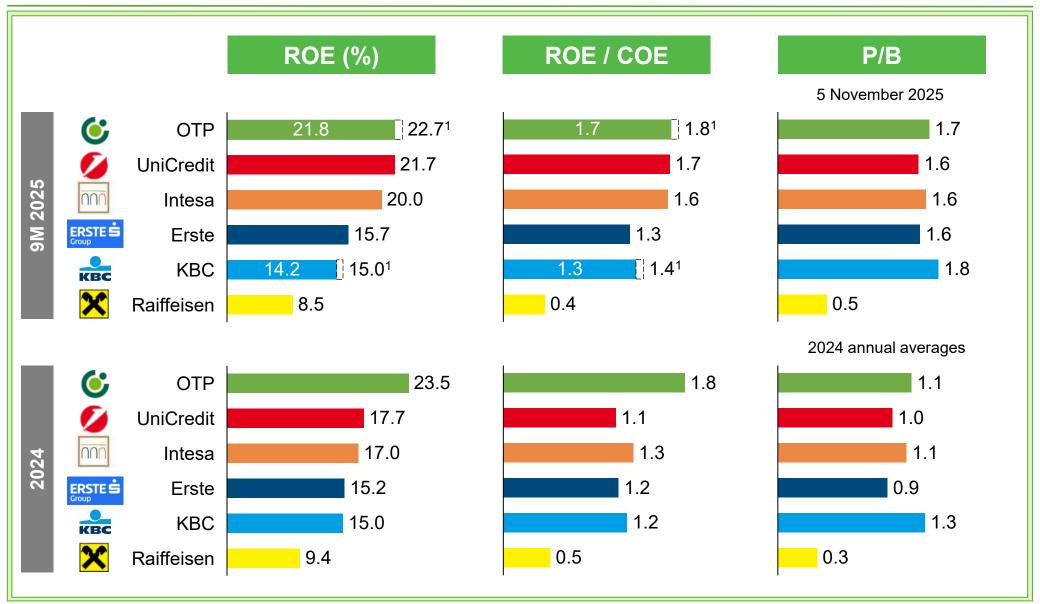
² MSE = micro and small enterprises.

Despite low leverage, ROE remained above 20% supported by recovering margins and cost efficiency gains

	2003-2008 average	2009-2013 average	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	9M 25
ROE	29.4%	8.3%	-7.4%	5.1%	15.4%	18.5%	18.7%	20.3%	10.9%	17.0%	11.0%	27.2%	23.5%	22.7%3
Total Revenue Margin ¹	8.60%	8.17%	7.74%	6.98%	6.79%	6.71%	6.33%	6.28%	5.37%	5.21%	5.31%	6.04%	6.32%	6.51%
						<u>û</u>	—			+		· ①		
Net Interest Margin	6.02%	6.28%	5.96%	5.12%	4.82%	4.56%	4.30%	4.12%	3.61%	3.51%	3.51%	3.93%	4.28%	4.30%
Net Fee & Comm. Margin	1.50%	1.47%	1.59%	1.55%	1.62%	1.75%	1.58%	1.65%	1.34%	1.29%	1.27%	1.29%	1.31%	1.33%
Other income Margin	1.08%	0.41%	0.19%	0.31%	0.35%	0.41%	0.44%	0.52%	0.41%	0.41%	0.53%	0.82%	0.73%	0.88%
								_			↓			
Operating Costs / Average Assets	4.47%	3.80%	3.85%	3.62%	3.70%	3.68%	3.57%	3.31%	2.90%	2.59%	2.53%	2.64%	2.61%	2.57%
								<u> </u>		$\overline{}$	<u>1</u>			
Cost / Income	51.9%	46.5%	49.8%	52.0%	54.4%	54.9%	56.3%	52.7%	54.1%	49.7%	47.6%	43.6%	41.3%	39.3%³
Credit Risk Cost Rate ¹	0.90%	3.37%	3.68%	3.18%	1.14%	0.43%	0.23%	0.28%	1.15%	0.30%	0.73%	0.34%	0.38%	0.70%
												•		
CET1 ratio ²	9.1%	13.4%	14.0%	13.6%	15.6%	15.4%	16.5%	14.4%	15.4%	17.8%	16.4%	16.6%	18.9%	18.4%

¹ Provision for impairment on loan and placement losses-to-avg. gross loans ratio. ² Until 2006 calculated from Hungarian Accounting Standard-based unconsolidated figures as 'quasi CET1' divided by RWAs, whereby 'quasi CET1' is calculated as Primary capital less proportional deductions. From 2014, consolidated CET1 ratio is calculated based on the prudential scope of consolidation according to CRR. ³ Adjusted ROE with even recognition of special items booked in one sum for the whole year.

In ROE and ROE/COE terms, OTP Group outperformed its regional peers both in 2024 and in the first nine months of 2025



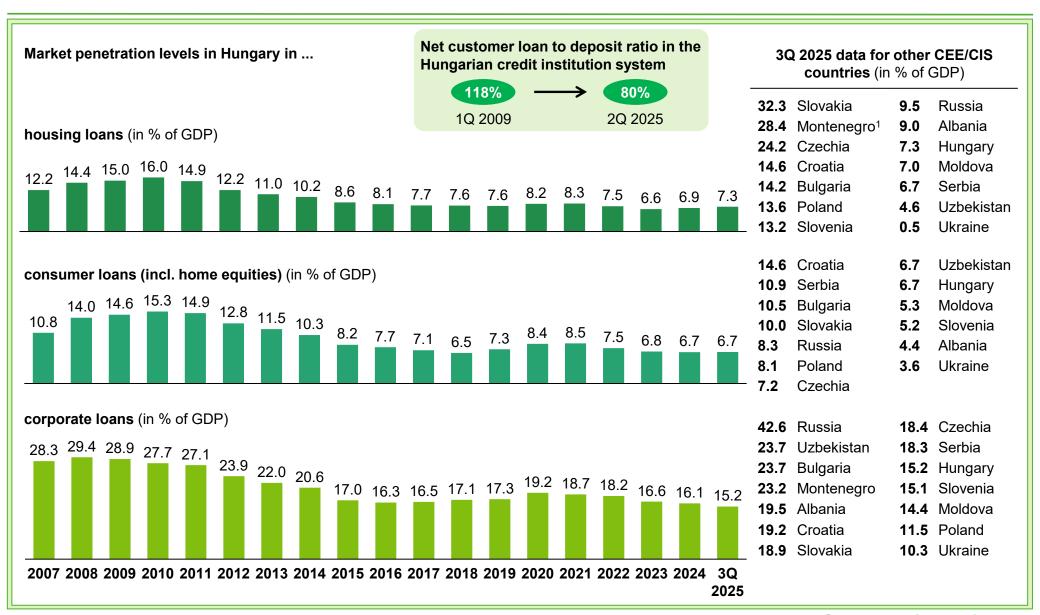
Compared to its regional competitors, OTP Group has higher margins, better or in-line cost efficiency, with its credit risk cost rate being higher



Source: company reports. 9M 2025. UniCredit figures are including one-offs.

¹ Adjusted Cost / income ratio with even recognition of supervisory charges booked in one sum for the whole year. ² W/o Russia, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

Hungarian loan penetration levels are still low in regional comparison implying good volume growth potential



¹ Total households loan penetration.

Operating profit increased by 16% y-o-y organically and FX-adjusted

Consolidated P&L (in HUF billion)	2024	9M 2024	9M 2025	Y-o-Y FX-adj. w/o OBR	2Q 2025	3Q 2025	Q-o-Q FX-adj.
Net interest income	1,783	1,322	1,435	9%	481	489	4%
Net fees and commissions	546	397	444	11%	152	153	2%
Other net non-interest income	306	209	295	48%	114	96	-14%
Total income	2,634	1,928	2,174	14%	747	738	1%
Personnel expenses	-564	-410	-455	13%	-154	-156	3%
Depreciation	-119	-87	-98	14%	-33	-34	5%
Other expenses	-406	-294	-306	6%	-99	-100	3%
Operating expenses	-1,089	-791	-859	11%	-286	-291	3%
Operating profit	1,545	1,137	1,315	16%	461	447	-1%
Provision for impairment on loan losses	-90	-31	-133	363%	-58	-51	-9%
Other risk cost	-69	-35	-23	-33%	-9	-6	-32%
Total risk cost	-158	-66	-156	146%	-67	-57	-13%
Profit before tax	1,387	1,071	1,159	8%	394	390	1%
Taxes ¹	-311	-245	-310	26%	-64	-59	-5%
Profit after tax	1,076	826	849	3%	330	330	2%
Main consolidated performance indicators	2024	9M 2024	9M 2025	Y-o-Y	2Q 2025	3Q 2025	Q-o-Q
Stage 3 ratio	3.6%	4.0%	3.4%	-0.5%	3.4%	3.4%	0.0%
CET1 = Tier 1 ratio	18.9%	19.1%	18.4%	-0.7%p	18.0%	18.4%	0.4%p
MREL ratio	30.1%	29.3%	26.5%	-2.8%p	26.4%	26.5%	0.0%p
Leverage ratio (according to CRR: capital / total exposure)	10.4%	10.6%	10.3%	-0.2%p	10.3%	10.3%	0.0%p
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)	266%	231%	235%	4%p	230%	235%	5%p
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)	151%	154%	152%	-2%p	152%	152%	0%p

¹ Corporate income tax, banking taxes (excluding Hungarian financial transaction tax), Hungarian local business tax and innovation contribution, tax on dividend payments by subsidiaries.



Cumulated net interest income advanced by 9% y-o-y organically and FX-adjusted; in 3Q the improvement continued with 4% FX-adjusted q-o-q growth



NET INTEREST INCOME	9M 2025 (HUF billion)	3Q 2025 (HUF billion)			25 Y-o-Y Fillion)			5 Q-o-Q billion)
OTP Group	1,435	489		141 ¹ 11	4 9%/9% ¹		8	2%/4% ¹
OTP CORE (Hungary)	480	167		52	12%		6	4%
DSK Group (Bulgaria)	206	69		8	4%/2% ²		0	1%/3%2
OBS (Slovenia)	136	45	-9		-6%/-8%²		1	1%/4%²
OBH (Croatia)	80	27		3	4%/1%²		0	2%/4%²
OBSrb (Serbia)	89	30		3	4%/1%²	0		-1%/1% ²
Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	71	24	-12		-14%		0	0%/3%2
OBU (Ukraine)	72	24		6	8%/14%²	0		-1%/4% ²
CKB Group (Montenegro)	27	9		1	5%/2% ²		1	6%/8%2
OBA (Albania)	26	8		1	3%/-3%²	0		-4%/-3% ²
OBM (Moldova)	13	5		2	16%		0	8%
OBRu (Russia)	214	75		84	64%/54%²		2	3%/8%²
Merkantil (Hungary)	19	6		1	6%		0	4%
Others	3	0		0	15%	-2		-104%

The cumulative NII increased by 12% y-o-y at **OTP Core**, primarily driven by margin improvement, partly attributable to the continued expansion of retail deposits. The growth in business volumes also contributed positively to interest income. In 3Q, NII rose by 4% q-o-q, reflecting both the 8 bps margin widening and the sustained growth in volumes.

2 In **EUR-linked countries** the y-o-y NII growth was driven by expanding volumes, offsetting typically contracting margins. Slovenia was an exception as NII dropped by 8% in EUR, despite an expansion in performing loan volumes. On quarterly basis, all these countries demonstrated positive NII momentum.

The Uzbek NII declined by 14% y-o-y due to higher interest expenses on growing and more expensive deposits. In 3Q, NII increased by 3% q-o-q in LCY terms. As a one-off item, the application of a higher discount rate in the calculation of interest accruals on Stage 3 loans had a HUF 2 billion one-off negative impact on NII, which was fully offset against credit risk costs. Excluding this item, NII would have grown by 11% q-o-q, supported by loan growth and higher average rates on newly disbursed consumer loans.



¹ FX-adjusted change without the effect of the sale of Romania.

² FX-adjusted changes.

The first nine months net fee income increased by 11% y-o-y organically and FX-adjusted



NET FEE INCOME	9M 2025 (HUF billion)	3Q 2025 (HUF billion)			25 Y-o-Y billion)	3		5 Q-o-Q billion)	1 At OTP Core, 9M increased by HUF 17
OTP Group	444	153		50 ¹ 4	7 12%/11%1		1	0%/2%2	part of this stemmed commissions prop
OTP CORE (Hungary)	178	64		17	11%		3	5%	reallocation of retail sa stronger commission deposits, transactions
DSK Group (Bulgaria)	70	24		9	15%/12% ²		1	3%	almost fully offset by billion growth in finan
OBS (Slovenia)	39	13	-1		-2%/-6%²	0		-3%	tax expenses, owing to
OBH (Croatia)	24	9		2	9%/6%²		0	5%	new FX conversion lev October 2024. Th commission income on
OBSrb (Serbia)	17	6		3	17%/14%²	0		-1%	business, which was in Core segment from 202
Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	10	4		3	38%		1	55%	HUF 6.0 billion. Thi counterbalanced by the of an expense item
OBU (Ukraine)	6	2	0		-3%		0	7%	costs to this line, startin On a quarterly basis, f
CKB Group (Montenegro)	8	3		1	9%/6%²	0		-3%	by 5%, mainly due to merchant commissions
OBA (Albania)	3	1	0		-2%/-7%²		0	11%	2 In Bulgaria the cum
OBM (Moldova)	2	1		0	1%	0		-2%	increased by 12% in primarily driven by the business and transaction
OBRu (Russia)	58	18		20	52%/43%²	-3		-15%/-11% ²	3 At Ipoteka , cumulate
Fund Mgmt. (Hungary)	22	7		2	8%	-2		-19%	38% y-o-y, largely introduced fees related
Others	7	2	-5		-42%	0		-12%	and other commissions 3Q, resulting in a 55% of

net fee income 7 billion. A major d from securities pelled by the savings, while the n income from s and cards was y the HUF 37.4 ancial transaction to the hike in the 2024, and to the evy introduced in he nine-month on the SZÉP card included into the 025, amounted to his was largely he reclassification from operating ing from January. fee income rose o the increase in IS.

mulated net fees in BGN terms, e growth in retail tional volumes.

ited net fees grew due to newly ed to cash loans ns implemented in q-o-q jump.



 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ FX-adjusted change without the effect of the sale of Romania. $^{\rm 2}$ FX-adjusted changes.

In the third quarter other income moderated q-o-q mainly due to base effects in Hungary



отн	ER INCOME	9M 2025 (HUF billion)	3Q 2025 (HUF billion)		9M 2025 Y-o-Y (HUF billion)		3Q 2025 Q-o-Q (HUF billion)		
©	OTP Group	295	96		90 ¹ 86	41%/48% ¹	-18		-16%/-14%²
-	OTP CORE (Hungary)	59	18		9	17%	-11		-39%
\	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	19	6		4	28%	-2		-26%
**	OBS (Slovenia)	6	1		1	35%	-1		-35%
*	OBH (Croatia)	4	1	0		-1%	-1		-66%
	OBSrb (Serbia)	13	4		2	20%	0		-1%
	Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	2	1	-2		-49%		1	1,131%
-	OBU (Ukraine)	3	1		2	134%		1	134%
	CKB Group (Montenegro)	1	0		0	10%		0	25%
1	OBA (Albania)	2	1	0		-4%		0	24%
W.	OBM (Moldova)	5	2	-2		-27%		0	23%
nèren	OBRu (Russia)	136	47		70	106%		3	6%
	Others	46	14		6	14%	-7		-34%

At **OTP Core** the other income decreased by HUF 11 billion q-o-q, driven by, on one hand, by base effect: in 2Q nearly HUF 20 billion income stemmed from the dividend paid by MOL Plc. and the fair value adjustment (FVA) of the MOL-OTP treasury share swap agreement. At the same time, the FVA on subsidized housing (CSOK) and baby loan portfolios improved the q-o-q dynamics of other income by almost HUF 15 billion. Latter was due to the q-o-q changes in the spot and forward yield curves used in the valuation models.

 $\stackrel{ extstyle 2}{\sim}$ In the **Others** segment, the HUF 7 billion q-o-q decrease was caused by the 'Other Hungarian subsidiaries' segment, primarily induced by the base effect of investments' revaluation at PortfoLion private equity firm in 2Q 2025 in the amount of +HUF 6 billion, as well as the q-o-q moderating contribution agricultural companies.



 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ FX-adjusted change without the effect of the sale of Romania. $^{\rm 2}$ FX-adjusted change.

In the first nine months operating costs increased by 11% y-o-y organically and FX-adjusted

OPE	RATING COSTS	9M 2025 (HUF billion)			o-Y billion)	Y	'-o-Y, FX- (HUF b		1 At OTP Core , cumulated costs went up
C	OTP Group	859		92 ¹ 68	9%/12% ¹		81 ¹ 57	7%/11% ¹	by 11% y-o-y. Within that, other administrative costs remained stable, which
	OTP CORE (Hungary)	354		34	11%	[34	11%	helped offset the increase in personnel expenses and depreciation – latter was mainly driven by IT investments and branch
	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	96		7	8%		5	5% 2	rationalization. The number of branches decreased from 329 at the end of 3Q 2024
***	OBS (Slovenia)	76	-3		-4%	-5		-6%	to 303 by September, while maintaining a consistently high standard of in-branch
*	OBH (Croatia)	55		7	14%		5	11%	customer service. The cost-to-income ratio improved by 0.7 pp y-o-y, dropping to 49.3%.
	OBSrb (Serbia)	46		5	12%		4	10%	
	Ipoteka (Uzbekistan)	38		6	19%		6	21%	In Bulgaria , cumulative operating expenses increased 5% on an FX-adjusted
-	OBU (Ukraine)	26		2	9%		3	14%	basis, mainly due to the steadily high wage inflation.
	CKB Group (Montenegro)	14		1	11%		1	8%	3 In Uzbekistan the overall 21%
-	OBA (Albania)	14		1	9%		0	3%	In Uzbekistan the overall 21% FX-adjusted increase in operating expenses was mainly driven by a 43% rise
W.	OBM (Moldova)	11		1	11%		1	10%	in other administrative costs, while
rère	OBRu (Russia)	92		27	41%		23	33%	personnel expenses grew by 12%.
	Merkantil (Hungary)	12		1	8%		1	8%	
	Others	25		2	11%		2	11%	

¹ Changes without the effect of the sale of Romania.

Out of the HUF 57 billion total risk costs created in 3Q, HUF 29 billion was recognized in Russia. In Bulgaria impairments were booked primarily on the consumer loan book, whereas in Uzbekistan on two large corporate exposures

тот	AL RISK COST	2024 (HUF billion)	2024 credit risk cost rate ¹	2Q 2025 (HUF billion)	3Q 2025 (HUF billion)	9M 2025 (HUF billion)	9M 2025 credit risk cost rate ¹
6	OTP Group	-158	0.38%	-67	-57	-156	0.70%
	OTP CORE (Hungary)	-51	0.01%	-14	-1	-24	0.26%
	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	-21	0.40%	-6	-10	-18	0.48%
**	OBS (Slovenia)	-8	0.30%	-1	-1	0	-0.02%
*	OBH (Croatia)	2	-0.41%	0	-1	-3	-0.10%
	OBSrb (Serbia)	-18	0.75%	-6	-6	-9	0.51%
-	Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	-14	1.16%	-1	- - (3)	-7	0.72%
	OBU (Ukraine)	4	-2.21%	0	-3	-3	0.67%
	CKB Group (Montenegro)	1	-0.39%	-1	0	-1	0.12%
-	OBA (Albania)	0	0.00%	0	1	0	-0.02%
7	OBM (Moldova)	1	-0.36%	0	0	-1	0.31%
A CARAMATAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	OBRu (Russia)	-57	6.04%	-34	-29	-80	7.57%
	Merkantil (Hungary)	2	-0.40%	-1	0	-2	0.25%

At **OTP Core**, total risk cost was -HUF 1 billion in 3Q 2025, within that credit-related impairments amounted to HUF 0.1 billion owing to recoveries on mortgage loans kept in the books of OTP Factoring, the work-out unit.

The q-o-q decline was driven by base effects: in 2Q the extension of interest rate cap and provisions set aside in association with the expected negative effects of US tariffs necessitated higher impairments. On the other provisions line, in 3Q no further provisions were set aside on Russian bonds.

- In **Bulgaria**, total risk cost hit -HUF 10 billion in 3Q 2025, mainly relating to unsecured household loans. In 3Q no further provisions were set aside on Russian bonds.
- In **Uzbekistan**, total risk costs reached -HUF 7 billion in 3Q, primarily driven by two large corporate loans that had been disbursed prior to the acquisition.

At the end of September, approximately half of the corporate exposures was originated after the acquisition, the Stage 3 ratio of this portfolio stood at 1.8%.

¹ A credit risk cost rate (defined as provision for impairment on loan losses / average gross customer loans) with negative sign is consistent with positive credit risk costs, i.e. releases.



The consolidated performing loan portfolio increased by 3% q-o-q, driven by continued strong growth in retail exposures. Ipoteka Bank continued a turnaround in consumer lending, resulting in a 9% q-o-q increase in Uzbek consumer loans

		<u>Q-o-(</u>	<u>Q</u> perforr	ming (St	age 1+2)	LOAN v	olume ch	nanges,	adjusted	d for FX	effect	
	Cons.	Core ² (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)
Q-o-Q nominal change (HUF billion)	803	226	275	26	10	82	11	26	10	9	14	92
Total	3%	3%	6%	1%	0%	4%	1%	7%	2%	2%	8%	7%
Consumer	4%	3%	3%	4%	2%	5%	9%	15%	5%	4%	8%	7%
Mortgage	4%	3%	8%	1%	2%	3%	6%		4%	3%	7%	
Corporate ¹	2%	3%	6%	0%	-2%	3%	-17%	6%	-1%	1%	8%	-5%
Leasing	3%	4%	3%	2%	0%	1%		6%	-4%	-1%	7%	

¹Loans to MSE and corporate clients.

² In the Leasing row the leasing volume change applies to Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).

Consolidated deposits expanded by 4% q-o-q. The increasing trend in Hungarian and Bulgarian retail deposits continued

	Q-o-Q DEPOSIT volume changes, adjusted for FX-effect												
	Cons.	Core (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)	
Q-o-Q nominal change (HUF billion)	1,211	272	287	40	243	107	3	2	55	34	7	177	
Total	4%	2%	5%	1%	9%	5%	1%	0%	10%	6%	2%	8%	
Retail	2%	1%	4%	0%	5%	5%	4%	-5%	4%	3%	1%	13%	
Corporate ¹	5%	4%	8%	3%	16%	5%	-1%	6%	15%	16%	3%	6%	

¹ Including MSE and corporate deposits.

Development of the Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 ratios

	Cons.	Core (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRU (Russia)	Merk. (Hung. leasing)
2022	83.4%	83.6%	88.6%	88.2%	83.3%	86.6%	-	41.4%	87.0%	85.8%	81.2%	72.7%	85.2%
<u>2023</u>	82.7%	80.5%	85.7%	89.9%	83.6%	84.0%	71.5%	53.0%	88.4%	84.9%	84.9%	70.7%	90.4%
<u>2024</u>	83.3%	81.9%	85.0%	83.4%	86.3%	86.0%	67.4%	73.3%	90.3%	87.4%	85.1%	80.6%	90.9%
3Q25	84.4%	81.4%	86.3%	86.3%	87.5%	87.0%	71.1%	80.0%	91.4%	86.8%	88.2%	82.8%	90.1%
<u>2022</u>	11.6%	11.5%	7.8%	10.6%	11.7%	10.9%	-	40.5%	8.1%	9.3%	16.0%	11.6%	12.1%
<u>2023</u>	13.0%	15.5%	12.0%	8.5%	12.5%	13.1%	16.6%	25.4%	7.4%	8.9%	11.2%	15.8%	7.2%
<u>2024</u>	13.0%	14.2%	12.9%	14.6%	10.8%	11.4%	18.7%	15.6%	6.8%	7.6%	11.8%	14.6%	7.2%
3Q25	12.1%	15.0%	11.7%	11.8%	9.9%	10.5%	14.7%	13.6%	6.1%	9.0%	9.6%	11.0%	8.3%
<u>2022</u>	4.9%	4.9%	3.5%	1.2%	4.9%	2.5%	-	18.1%	4.9%	4.9%	2.8%	15.7%	2.7%
<u>2023</u>	4.3%	4.0%	2.4%	1.6%	3.9%	2.9%	11.9%	21.7%	4.2%	6.2%	3.9%	13.5%	2.4%
<u>2024</u>	3.6%	3.9%	2.1%	2.0%	2.9%	2.6%	13.9%	11.1%	2.9%	5.1%	3.1%	4.8%	2.0%
3Q25	3.4%	3.6%	2.0%	1.9%	2.6%	2.5%	14.2%	6.4%	2.5%	4.1%	2.2%	6.2%	1.6%
	2023 2024 3Q25 2022 2023 2024 3Q25 2022 2023 2024	2022 83.4% 2023 82.7% 2024 83.3% 3Q25 84.4% 2022 11.6% 2023 13.0% 2024 13.0% 3Q25 12.1% 2022 4.9% 2023 4.3% 2024 3.6%	2022 83.4% 83.6% 2023 82.7% 80.5% 2024 83.3% 81.9% 3Q25 84.4% 81.4% 2022 11.6% 11.5% 2023 13.0% 15.5% 2024 13.0% 14.2% 3Q25 12.1% 15.0% 2022 4.9% 4.9% 2023 4.3% 4.0% 2024 3.6% 3.9%	2022 83.4% 83.6% 88.6% 2023 82.7% 80.5% 85.7% 2024 83.3% 81.9% 85.0% 3Q25 84.4% 81.4% 86.3% 2023 13.0% 15.5% 12.0% 2024 13.0% 14.2% 12.9% 3Q25 12.1% 15.0% 11.7% 2022 4.9% 4.9% 3.5% 2023 4.3% 4.0% 2.4% 2024 3.6% 3.9% 2.1%	CHungary CBulgaria CSlovenia	Croatia County County	2022 83.4% 83.6% 88.6% 88.2% 83.3% 86.6% 2023 82.7% 80.5% 85.7% 89.9% 83.6% 84.0% 2024 83.3% 81.9% 85.0% 83.4% 86.3% 86.0% 3Q25 84.4% 81.4% 86.3% 86.3% 87.5% 87.0% 2022 11.6% 11.5% 7.8% 10.6% 11.7% 10.9% 2023 13.0% 15.5% 12.0% 8.5% 12.5% 13.1% 2024 13.0% 14.2% 12.9% 14.6% 10.8% 11.4% 3Q25 12.1% 15.0% 11.7% 11.8% 9.9% 10.5% 2022 4.9% 4.9% 3.5% 1.2% 4.9% 2.5% 2023 43.3% 4.0% 2.4% 1.6% 3.9% 2.9% 2024 3.6% 3.9% 2.1% 2.0% 2.9% 2.6%	Croatia Corporation Corp	2022 83.4% 83.6% 88.6% 88.2% 83.3% 86.6% - 41.4% 2023 82.7% 80.5% 85.7% 89.9% 83.6% 84.0% 71.5% 53.0% 2024 83.3% 81.9% 85.0% 83.4% 86.3% 86.0% 67.4% 73.3% 3Q25 84.4% 81.4% 86.3% 86.3% 87.5% 87.0% 71.1% 80.0% 2022 11.6% 11.5% 7.8% 10.6% 11.7% 10.9% - 40.5% 2023 13.0% 15.5% 12.0% 8.5% 12.5% 13.1% 16.6% 25.4% 2024 13.0% 14.2% 12.9% 14.6% 10.8% 11.4% 18.7% 15.6% 3Q25 12.1% 15.0% 11.7% 11.8% 9.9% 10.5% 14.7% 13.6% 2022 4.9% 4.9% 3.5% 1.2% 4.9% 2.5% - 18.1% 2023 4.3% 4.0% 2.4% 1.6% 3.9% 2.9% 11.9% 21.7%	Croatia Coroatia Coroatia	2022 83.4% 83.6% 88.6% 88.2% 83.3% 86.6% - 41.4% 87.0% 85.8% 2023 82.7% 80.5% 85.7% 89.9% 83.6% 84.0% 71.5% 53.0% 88.4% 84.9% 2024 83.3% 81.9% 85.0% 83.4% 86.3% 86.3% 87.5% 87.0% 71.1% 80.0% 91.4% 86.8% 2022 11.6% 11.5% 7.8% 10.6% 11.7% 10.9% - 40.5% 8.1% 9.3% 2023 13.0% 15.5% 12.0% 8.5% 12.5% 13.1% 16.6% 25.4% 7.4% 8.9% 2024 13.0% 14.2% 12.9% 14.6% 10.8% 11.4% 18.7% 15.6% 6.8% 7.6% 3Q25 12.1% 15.0% 11.7% 11.8% 9.9% 10.5% 14.7% 13.6% 6.1% 9.0% 2022 4.9% 4.9% 3.5% 1.2% 4.9% 2.5% - 18.1% 4.9% 4.9% 2023 4.3% 4.0% 2.4% 1.6% 3.9% 2.9% 11.9% 21.7% 4.2% 6.2% 2024 3.6% 3.9% 2.1% 2.0% 2.9% 2.6% 13.9% 11.1% 2.9% 5.1%	2022 83.4% 83.6% 88.6% 88.2% 83.3% 86.6% - 41.4% 87.0% 85.8% 81.2% 2023 82.7% 80.5% 85.7% 89.9% 83.6% 86.0% 67.4% 73.3% 90.3% 87.4% 85.1% 3025 84.4% 81.4% 86.3% 86.3% 87.5% 87.0% 71.1% 80.0% 91.4% 86.8% 88.2% 2023 13.0% 15.5% 12.0% 8.5% 12.5% 13.1% 16.6% 25.4% 7.4% 8.9% 11.2% 2024 13.0% 14.2% 12.9% 14.6% 10.8% 11.4% 18.7% 15.6% 6.8% 7.6% 11.8% 3025 12.1% 15.0% 11.7% 11.8% 9.9% 10.5% 14.7% 13.6% 6.1% 9.0% 9.6% 2022 4.9% 4.9% 3.5% 1.2% 4.9% 2.5% - 18.1% 4.9% 4.9% 2.8% 2023 4.3% 4.0% 2.4% 1.6% 3.9% 2.9% 2.6% 13.9% 11.1% 2.9% 5.1% 3.1%	Corollar Corollar

¹ In % of total gross loans.

Development of the own provision coverage ratios in different Stage categories

		Cons.	Core (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	lpoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)	Merk. (Hung.
		6	(Hullgary)	(Bulgaria)		(Croatia)	(Serbia)	(Ozbek.)	(Okraine)	(Worten:)	(Albania)	(IVIOIdOVA)	(Russia)	leasing)
		©				***************************************	***	4	- 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12	4.	*			
	<u>2022</u>	1.0%	0.8%	1.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.9%	-	2.1%	1.2%	1.0%	2.3%	5.1%	0.4%
Stage 1	<u>2023</u>	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.3%	0.6%	0.7%	2.7%	1.9%	0.8%	0.9%	1.3%	3.0%	0.8%
own coverage	<u>2024</u>	0.8%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	0.5%	0.6%	2.6%	2.2%	0.6%	1.0%	1.2%	3.0%	0.4%
J	<u>3Q25</u>	0.8%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	0.5%	0.6%	2.6%	2.4%	0.7%	1.0%	1.4%	3.9%	0.4%
01 0	<u>2022</u>	10.7%	8.6%	16.0%	2.4%	7.3%	7.0%	-	18.1%	8.9%	9.4%	18.3%	31.5%	4.5%
Stage 2 own	<u>2023</u>	9.2%	7.8%	9.3%	3.4%	7.6%	6.7%	21.6%	14.4%	5.1%	8.2%	11.7%	22.7%	7.0%
Coverage	<u>2024</u>	9.2%	7.3%	10.0%	4.7%	6.7%	10.9%	19.6%	13.3%	4.8%	8.0%	9.0%	22.9%	4.5%
	<u>3Q25</u>	9.4%	7.5%	9.3%	4.3%	6.2%	12.2%	17.6%	14.6%	5.0%	8.5%	9.6%	29.9%	3.7%
Ctore 410	<u>2022</u>	2.2%	1.8%	2.3%	0.4%	1.4%	1.6%	-	10.0%	1.8%	1.8%	5.0%	8.8%	1.0%
Stage 1+2 own	<u>2023</u>	2.0%	1.9%	1.8%	0.6%	1.5%	1.5%	6.3%	5.9%	1.1%	1.6%	2.5%	6.6%	1.3%
Coverage	<u>2024</u>	1.9%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	1.2%	1.8%	6.3%	4.1%	0.9%	1.5%	2.1%	6.0%	0.7%
	<u>3Q25</u>	1.9%	1.6%	1.6%	0.7%	1.1%	1.7%	6.0%	4.2%	1.0%	1.8%	2.2%	6.8%	0.7%
	0000	04.00′	40.00′	00.001	00.40/	70.00′	50 00'		75.00/	0.4.40′	E 4 40′	04.007	00.007	50.40/
Stage 2	<u>2022</u>	61.0%	43.2%	60.2%	68.4%	70.6%	59.8%	-	75.3%	64.4%	54.4%	61.3%	93.6%	53.1%
Stage 3 own	<u>2023</u>	60.8%	55.9%	57.1%	41.4%	72.0%	63.8%	38.0%	77.9%	67.2%	53.3%	60.1%	95.0%	44.1%
Coverage	<u>2024</u>	59.5%	58.2%	58.0%	46.4%	72.1%	64.8%	42.6%	73.7%	74.9%	56.1%	62.9%	93.5%	40.2%
	<u>3Q25</u>	61.8%	57.9%	57.3%	52.2%	72.5%	63.7%	47.5%	73.1%	71.6%	56.4%	57.8%	93.2%	45.6%

OTP Group's outstanding performance has traditionally been recognized by professional organizations

THE BANKER

TOP 100 CEE BANKS 2024

OTP Bank

Ranking: 1



GIOBAL FINANCE

OTP Bank Central and Eastern Europe



OTP Bank

World's Best Bank for Transition/Sustainability Linked Loans Mastercard

Bank of the Year

2024























Important information, disclaimers and contacts

Referring to both equity and fixed income investors:

This presentation has been prepared by OTP Bank Nyrt. ("OTP Bank") and is the sole responsibility of OTP Bank. This presentation and the information contained herein is strictly confidential to the recipient, have been furnished to you solely for your information and may not be further distributed to the press or any other person, and may not be disclosed, reproduced or transmitted in any form, in whole or in part, for any purpose. Failure to comply with this restriction may constitute a violation of applicable securities laws.

This presentation contains statements that are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements" which are prospective in nature. These forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, or the negative thereof such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "continues", "assumes", "is subject to", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "risks", "intends", "positioned", "predicts", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words or comparable terminology and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "should", "would", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. Such statements are qualified in their entirety by the inherent risks and uncertainties surrounding future expectations. Forward-looking statements are not based on historic facts, but rather on current predictions, expectations, plans, objectives, goals, intentions and projections about future events, results of operations, prospects, financial condition and discussions of strategy.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the control of OTP Bank. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and may and often do differ materially from actual results. Neither OTP Bank nor any of its subsidiaries or directors, officers or advisers, provides any representation, assurance or guarantee that the occurrence of the events expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements in this presentation will actually occur. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements which only speak as of the date of this presentation. Other than in accordance with its legal or regulatory obligations, OTP Bank is not under any obligation and OTP Bank and its subsidiaries expressly disclaim any intention, obligation or undertaking to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. This presentation shall not, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the business or affairs of OTP Bank since the date of this presentation contained herein is correct as at any time subsequent to its date.

This presentation does not constitute or form part of any offer or invitation to sell or issue, or any solicitation of any offer to purchase or subscribe for any securities in the United States or any other jurisdiction. Nothing contained herein shall form the basis of any contract or commitment whatsoever. The making of this presentation does not constitute a recommendation regarding any securities. No securities have been or will be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or under the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States. Accordingly, any securities may not be offered, sold, taken up, exercised, resold, renounced, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in or into, the United States and may only be offered or sold outside the United States in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The distribution of this presentation in other jurisdictions may be restricted by law and persons into whose possession this presentation comes should inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions. Any failure to comply with these restrictions may constitute a violation of the laws of other jurisdictions.

The information contained in this presentation is provided as of the date of this presentation and is subject to change without notice.

The information contained in this presentation has not been independently verified. No representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made as to, and no reliance should be placed on, the fairness, accuracy, completeness or correctness of the information or opinions contained herein (and whether any information has been omitted from the presentation) or any other material discussed at the presentation. OTP Bank and its directors, officers, employees, affiliates, advisers and representatives disclaim all liability whatsoever (in negligence or otherwise) for any loss however arising, directly or indirectly, from any use of this presentation or its contents or otherwise arising in connection with this presentation.

The information presented herein is an advertisement and does not comprise a prospectus for the purposes of the EU Prospectus Regulation.

A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organization.

Referring to fixed income investors only:

In member states of the EEA, this presentation is directed only at persons who are "qualified investors" within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the "EU Prospectus Regulation"). This presentation must not be acted on or relied on in any member state of the EEA by persons who are not qualified investors. Any investment or investment activity is available only to qualified investors in any member state of the EEA

In the United Kingdom, this presentation is directed only at persons who are "qualified investors" within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the "UK Prospectus Regulation"). In addition, in the United Kingdom, this presentation is only directed at, and being distributed to qualified investors (i) who have professional experience in matters relating to investments and who fall within the definition of "investment professionals" in Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, as amended (the "Order"), (ii) who fall within Article 49 of the Order, or (iii) are persons to whom an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, in connection with the issue or sale of any securities may otherwise lawfully be communicated or caused to be communicated (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons"). This presentation must not be acted on or relied on in the United Kingdom by persons who are not relevant persons. Any investment or investment activity is available only to relevant persons in the United Kingdom.

Investor Relations & Debt Capital Markets

Tel: + 36 1 473 5460; + 36 1 473 5457

E-mail: investor.relations@otpbank.hu; www.otpbank.hu